Cornell Cooperative Extension (CCE) of Jefferson County offers a variety of programs for parents and caregivers. These programs reach a wide range of families and seek to promote positive parenting and, ultimately, healthy family and child development. This report presents data collected from participants in Jefferson County CCE parent education programs from August 2017 to August 2018. Participants included parents and caregivers who participated in programs that comprised of at least six hours of content delivery. Data were collected from participants at the first session (a pre-test) and at the last session (a post-test). Results of the analysis of these data are shown below.

Demographics of Participants in Programs in Jefferson County, New York

A total of three programs were evaluated in Jefferson County, with the largest number of participants involved in the Home Visitation program (42%).

![Pie chart showing program participation percentages: Home Visitation 42%, Magic Years 16%, Middle Years 31%, MECF 8%, Other 5%]
The following summaries use data from 62 participants who completed a pre-test survey given at the first session of their parent education class.

The majority of participants in the Jefferson County CCE parenting classes were female (55%).

Educational attainment among the participants varied widely, with the greatest number of participants having completed 12 grade or a GED (48%), followed by those completed between 9th and 11th grade (19%).
The majority of the participants in Jefferson County CCE parent education classes were White (73%) and 42% were single.

### Race

- **White**: 73%
- **African American or Black**: 10%
- **American Indian**: 5%
- **Refused to respond**: 5%
- **Hispanic**: 3%
- **Other**: 3%

### Marital Status

- **Single**: 42%
- **Married/Partnered**: 39%
- **Divorced**: 9%
- **Separated/Widowed**: 10%

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**Pre-Post Survey Results**

This evaluation used a pre- and post-test in which the participants were asked to answer two identical surveys—one given at the first class session and another given after the completion of the last parenting class. The survey included ten questions about parenting attitudes, behaviors, and knowledge designed to capture some of what was taught in the class. The pre- post-study design allows researchers to see if attitudes, behaviors, and knowledge change during the course of the workshop.
Using this type of research design does not allow one to determine whether taking part in the parent education class caused a change in attitudes, behaviors and knowledge; such changes could occur for other reasons outside of the workshop. However, it is possible that any significant pre-to-post changes in parenting attitudes, behaviors and knowledge that are observed may have resulted from taking part in the program.

The following evaluation is based on information provided by 57 participants who completed their program and completed both a pre- and a post-test survey. Four of the ten measures tested showed significant improvements from the pre- to the post-test. Specifically, CCE parent education participants reported increases in the belief that they had the skills necessary to be a good caregiver, increased patience with their child(ren) and confidence in making rules that take their child’s needs into consideration, and decreases in the amount that they yell at their child(ren).

A p-value generated from a paired t-test was used as a statistical measure to determine whether a change in a given survey question between the pre- and post-test was significant. A p-value of .10 or less was considered statistically significant and means that we can be 90% certain that the pre-to-post changes in participant responses are not due to chance.

In comparing participants’ pre- and post-test survey results, the following questions showed statistically
I do not have as much patience with my child(ren) as I should

Definitely true 1,44
Definitely false 1,27

I try to make rules that take my child's individual needs into consideration.

Definitely true 1,44
Definitely false 1,27

significant changes.
These results indicate that four out of ten measures of parenting attitudes, behaviors and knowledge improved significantly from the pre- to the post-test, highlighting areas in which CCE Jefferson County parent education programs may have had a positive impact on their participants.
Visit the Parenting Project website at:

https://www.human.cornell.edu/pam/engagement/parenting/home

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