## Parenting In Context

### Outcomes of Participants in Cornell Cooperative Extension Parent Education Programs in Cortland County 2012-2013

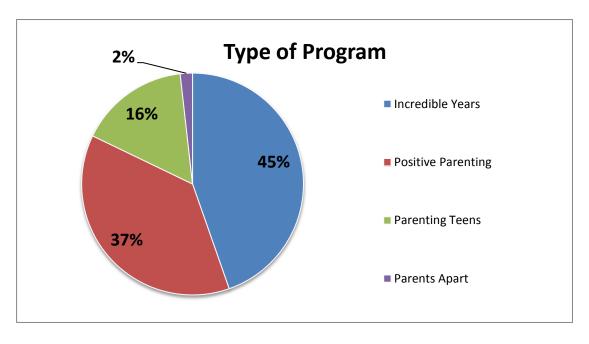
By Eliza Cook, Rachel Dunifon, and Kimberly Kopko

Cornell Cooperative Extension (CCE) of Cortland County offers a variety of programs for parents and caregivers. These programs reach a wide range of families and seek to promote positive parenting and, ultimately, healthy family and child development. This research brief presents data collected from participants in Cortland County CCE parent education programs from July 2012 to July 2013. Participants included parents and caregivers taking part in programs that comprised at least six hours of content delivery. Data were collected from participants

at the first session (a pre-test) and at the last session (a post-test). Results of the analysis of these data are shown below.

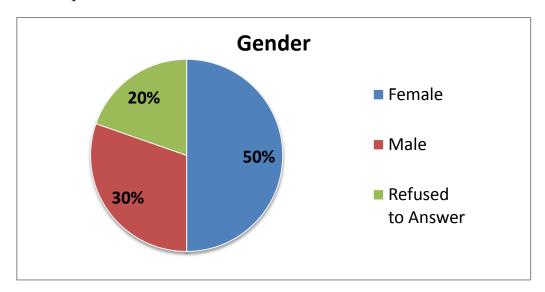
# Demographics of Participants in Programs in Cortland County, New York

A total of four programs were evaluated in Cortland County, as shown below. The largest number of participants took part in the Incredible Years program (45% of all participants).



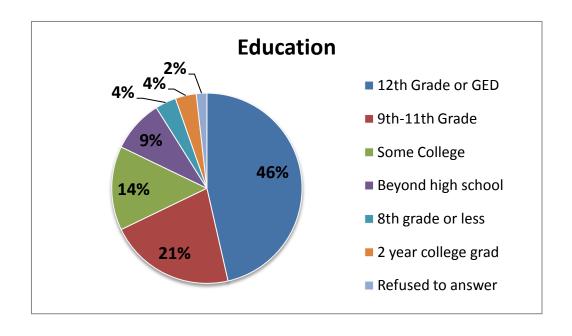
The following summaries use data from 56 participants who completed a pre-test survey given at the first session of their parent education class.

The majority of participants in the Cortland County CCE parenting classes were females (50%).



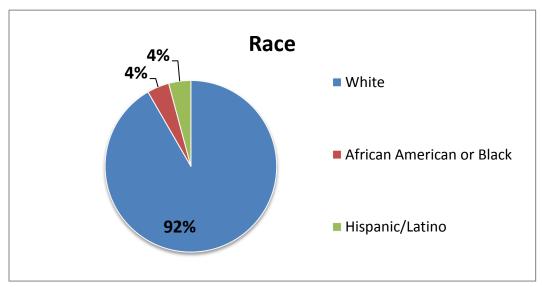
Educational attainment among the participants varied widely, with the greatest number of participants having finished their education at 12<sup>th</sup> grade

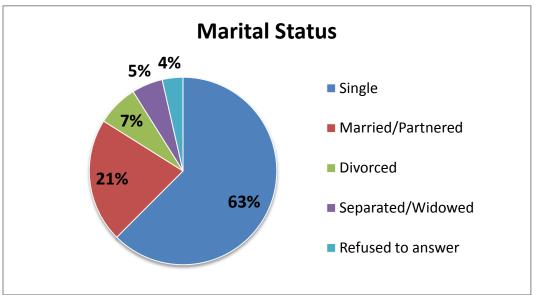
or a GED (46%), followed by those who had completed between 9<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> grade (21%).



The majority of the participants in Cortland County CCE parent education classes were white (92%)

and the most common marital status was married or partnered (63%).





### **Pre-Post Survey Results**

This study used a pre- and post-test evaluation, in which the participants were asked to answer two identical surveys—one given at the first session of the class and another given after the completion of the last parenting

class. The survey included ten questions about parenting attitudes, behaviors, and knowledge designed to capture some of what was taught in the class. The pre- post-study design allows researchers to see if attitudes, behaviors, and knowledge change during the course of the workshop.

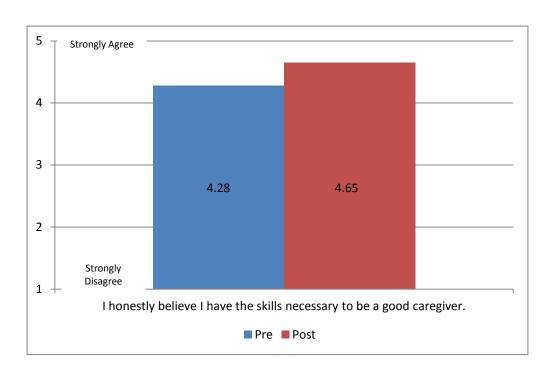
Using this type of research design does not allow one to determine whether taking part in the parent education class *caused* a change in knowledge, attitude or behaviors; such changes could occur for other reasons outside of the workshop. However, it is possible that any significant pre-to-post changes in parenting attitudes, behaviors and knowledge that are observed may have resulted from taking part in the program.

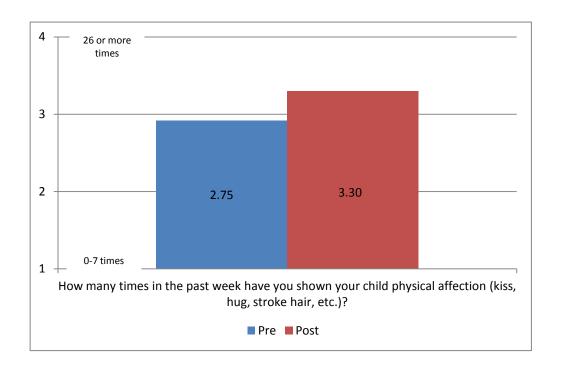
The following evaluation is based on information provided by 20 participants, who completed their program and completed both a preand a post-test survey. Two of the ten measures tested showed significant improvements from the pre- to the post-test. Specifically, participants of

parent education classes in CCE of Cortland County reported increased belief that they have the skills necessary to be a good caregiver and increases in the amount of affection they show to their child.

A p-value generated from a paired ttest was used as a statistical measure to determine whether a change in a given survey question between the pre- and post-test was significant. A p-value of .10 or less was considered statistically significant, and means that we can be 90% sure that the preto-post changes in participant responses are not due to chance.

In comparing participants' pre- and post-test survey results, the following questions showed statistically significant changes.





These results indicate that two out of ten measures of parenting attitudes, behaviors and knowledge improved significantly from the pre- to the post-test, highlighting areas in which CCE Cortland County parent education programs may have had a positive impact on their participants.

#### Visit the *Parenting in Context* project at:

http://www.human.cornell.edu/pam/outreach/parenting/

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